UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

MJE13003-P

NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTOR

DESCRIPTION

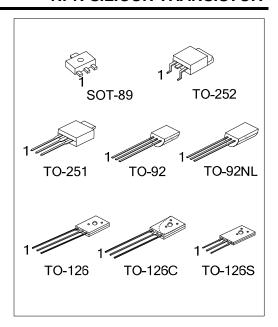
These devices are designed for high-voltage and high-speed power switching inductive circuits where fall time is critical. They are particularly suited for 115 and 220V applications in switch mode.

■ FEATURES

- * Reverse biased SOA with inductive load @ Tc=100°C
- * Inductive switching matrix 0.5 ~ 1.5 Amp, 25 and 100°C Typical tc = 290ns @ 1A, 100°C.
- * 700V blocking capability

APPLICATIONS

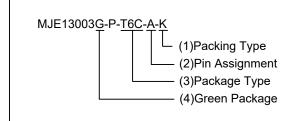
- * Switching regulator's, inverters
- * Motor controls
- * Solenoid/relay drivers
- * Deflection circuits



■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering	Number	mber		Assignr	Dacking		
Lead Free	Halogen-Free	Package	1	2	3	Packing	
MJE13003L-P-AB3-R	MJE13003G-P-AB3-R	MJE13003G-P-AB3-R SOT-89 B C		С	Е	Tape Reel	
MJE13003L-P-T60-K	MJE13003G-P-T60-K	TO-126	В	С	Е	Bulk	
MJE13003L-P-T6C-A-K	MJE13003G-P-T6C-A-K	TO-126C	Е	С	В	Bulk	
MJE13003L-P-T6C-F-K	MJE13003G-P-T6C-F-K	TO-126C	В	С	Е	Bulk	
MJE13003L-P-T6S-K	MJE13003G-P-T6S-K	TO-126S	В	C E		Bulk	
MJE13003L-P-T92-B	MJE13003G-P-T92-B	TO-92	Е	E C B		Tape Box	
MJE13003L-P-T92-K	MJE13003G-P-T92-K	TO-92	E C B		В	Bulk	
MJE13003L-P-T92-R	MJE13003G-P-T92-R	TO-92	Е	Е С В		Tape Reel	
MJE13003L-P-T9N -B	MJE13003G-P-T9N-B	TO-92NL	Ε	E C B		Tape Box	
MJE13003L-P-T9N -K	MJE13003G-P-T9N-K	MJE13003G-P-T9N-K TO-92NL E C B		В	Bulk		
MJE13003L-P-T9N -R	MJE13003G-P-T9N-R	TO-92NL E C B		В	Tape Reel		
MJE13003L-P-TM3-T	MJE13003G-P-TM3-T	TO-251 B C E		Е	Tube		
MJE13003L-P-TN3-R	MJE13003G-P-TN3-R	TO-252	В	С	Е	Tape Reel	

Note: Pin assignment: B: Base C: Collector E: Emitter



- (1) R: Tape Reel, K: Bulk, B: Tape Box, T: Tube
- (2) refer to Pin Assignment (for TO-126C)
- (3) T60: TO-126, T6C:TO-126C, T6S: TO-126S T92: TO-92, T9N: TO-92NL, TM3: TO-251, TN3: TO-252
- (4) G: Halogen Free and Lead Free, L: Lead Free

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■ MARKING

Package	MARKING			
SOT-89	Lot Code MJE13003□ Date Code L: Lead Free G: Halogen Free			
TO-220 TO-251 TO-251S TO-252	UTC MJE13003 ☐ → G: Halogen Free Lot Code ← → Date Code			
TO-126 TO-126C TO-126S	UTC ☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐			
TO-92	UTC MJE 13003 ☐ L: Lead Free G: Halogen Free Date Code 1			
TO-92NL	UTC MJE13003 ☐ L: Lead Free G: Halogen Free Date Code □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□			

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER			SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Collector-Emitter Voltage			$V_{CEO(SUS)}$	400	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage (V _{BE} =0)			V_{CES}	700	V
Collector-Base Voltage			V_{CBO}	700	V
Emitter Base Voltage			V_{EBO}	9	V
Collector Current Continuous Peak (1)		Ic	1.5	_	
		Peak (1)	I _{CM}	3	A
- ·		Continuous	I _B	0.75	_
Base Current		Peak (1)	I _{BM}	1.5	A
		Continuous	Ι _Ε	2.25	_
Emiller Current	Emitter Current		I _{EM}	4.5	A
		SOT-89		0.5	W
		TO-126/TO-126C		1.1	W
	T _A =25°C	TO-126S		1.4	VV
		TO-92/TO-92NL		1.1	W
Total Dawer Dissipation		TO-251/TO-252		1.56	W
Total Power Dissipation		SOT-89	P _D	1.64	W
		TO-126/TO-126C		20	W
	T _C =25°C	TO-126S		20	VV
		TO-92/TO-92NL		1.5	W
		TO-251/TO-252		25	W
Junction Temperature			Τ _J	+150	°C
Storage Temperature			T _{STG}	-55 ~ + 150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T_C=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYP MAX			MAX	UNIT			
OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note)									
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	V _{CEO(SUS)}	I _C =10 mA , I _B =0	400			V			
T _C =25°C	I _{CEO}	V _{CEO} =Rated Value,			1	mA			
Collector Cutoff Current $T_C=100^{\circ}C$		V _{BE(OFF)} =1.5 V			5	mA			
Emitter Cutoff Current	I _{EBO}	$V_{EB}=9 V, I_{C}=0$			1	mA			
SECOND BREAKDOWN									
Second Breakdown Collector Current with bass forward biased	ls/b		S	ee Fig	.5				
Clamped Inductive SOA with base reverse biased	RB _{SOA}		See Fig.6						
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note)									
DC Comment Cain	h _{FE1}	I _C =0.4A, V _{CE} =5V	10		30				
DC Current Gain	h _{FE2}	I _C =1A, V _{CE} =5V	5		30				
		I _C =0.5A, I _B =0.1A			0.5	V			
Collector Emitter Seturation Voltage	\/	I _C =1A, I _B =0.25A			1	V			
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	I _C =1.2A, I _B =0.4A			3	V			
		I _C =1A, I _B =0.25A, T _C =100°C			1	V			
		I _C =0.5A, I _B =0.1A			1	V			
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(SAT)}$	I _C =1A, I _B =0.25A			1.2	V			
		I _C =1A, I _B =0.25A, T _C =100°C			1.1	V			
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS									
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product	f _T	I _C =100mA, V _{CE} =10V, f=1MHz	4	10		MHz			
Output Capacitance	Сов	V _{CB} =10V, I _E =0, f=0.1MHz		21		рF			
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS									
Resistive Load (Table 1)									
Delay Time	t _D	 V _{CC} =125V, I _C =1A,		0.05	0.1	μs			
Rise Time	t _R	$I_{B_1} = I_{B_2} = 0.2A$, $I_P = 25\mu s$, Duty		0.5	1	μs			
Storage Time	t _S	is₁-is₂-o.2∧, ιρ-2ομs, buty Cycle≤1%		2	4	μs			
Fall Time	t _F	J 5 5 1 70		0.4	0.7	μs			
Inductive Load, Clamped (Table 1)									
Storage Time	t _{STG}	I _C =1A, Vclamp=300V, 1.7 I _{B1} =0.2A, 0.29 0			4	μs			
Crossover Time	t _C				0.75	μs			
Fall Time	t _F	V _{BE(OFF)} =5Vdc, T _C =100°C 0.15				μs			

Note: Pulse Test : PW=300µs, Duty Cycle≤2%.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Table 1.Test Conditions for Dynamic Performance

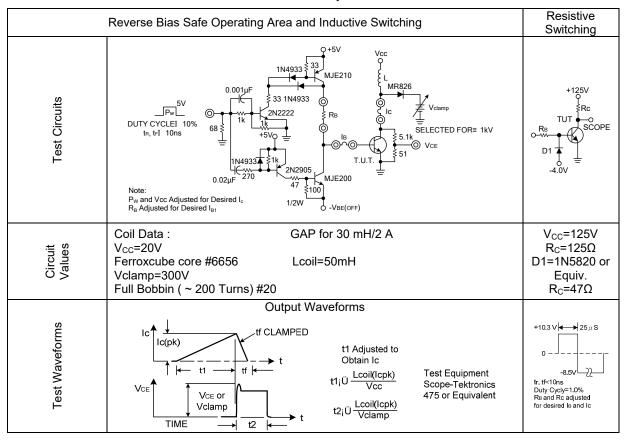


Table 2. Typical Inductive Switching Performance

Ic (A)	Tc (°C)	t _{sv} (µs)	t _{RV} (µs)	t _{Fl} (μs)	t _{τι} (μs)	tc (µs)
0.5	25 100	1.3 1.6	0.23 0.26	0.30 0.30	0.35 0.40	0.30 0.36
1	25 100	1.5 1.7	0.10 0.13	0.14 0.26	0.05 0.06	0.16 0.29
1.5	25 100	1.8 3	0.07 0.08	0.10 0.22	0.05 0.08	0.16 0.28

Note: All Data Recorded in the Inductive Switching Circuit in Table 1

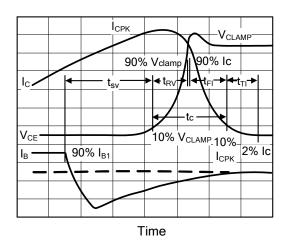


Fig.1 Inductive Switching Measurements

SWITCHING TIMES NOTE

In resistive switching circuits, rise, fall, and storage times have been defined and apply to both current and voltage waveforms since they are in phase. However, for inductive loads, which are common to switch mode power supplies and hammer drivers, current and voltage waveforms are not in phase. Therefore, separate measurements must be made on each waveform to determine the total switching time. For this reason, the following new terms have been defined.

t_{SV} = Voltage Storage Time, 90% I_{B1} to 10% Vclamp

t_{RV} = Voltage Rise Time, 10 ~ 90% Vclamp

 t_{FI} = Current Fall Time, 90 ~ 10% I_{C}

 t_{TI} = Current Tail, 10 ~ 2% I_{C}

 t_C = Crossover Time, 10% Vclamp to 10% I_C

For the designer, there is minimal switching loss during storage time and the predominant switching power losses occur during the crossover interval and can be obtained using the standard equation:

 $P_{SWT} = 1/2 V_{CC}I_{C} (t_{C}) f$

In general, t_{RV} + t_{Fl} ≈ t_C. However, at lower test currents this relationship may not be valid.

As is common with most switching transistors, resistive switching is specified at 25° C and has become a benchmark for designers. However, for designers of high frequency converter circuits, the user oriented specifications which make this transistor are the inductive switching speeds (t_{C} and t_{SV}) which are guaranteed at 100° C.

RESISTIVE SWITCHING PERFORMANCE

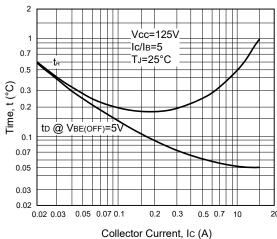


Fig.2 Turn-On Time

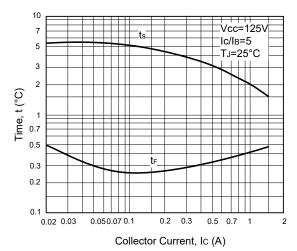


Fig.3 Turn-Off Time

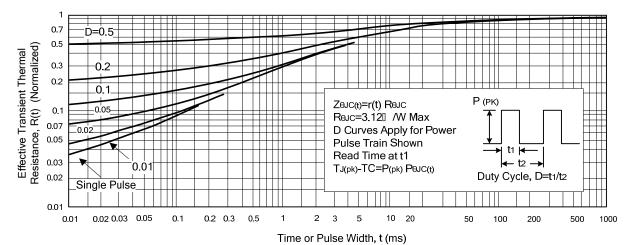


Fig.4 Thermal Response

SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I_C - V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

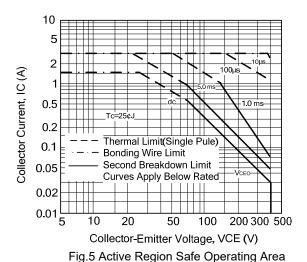
The data of Fig.5 is based on $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$; $T_{J(PK)}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when $T_C \ge 25^{\circ}C$. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Fig.5.

 $T_{J(PK)}$ may be calculated from the data in Fig.4. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as RB_{SOA}(Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area) and represents the voltage-current conditions during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Fig.6 gives RB_{SOA} characteristics.

The Safe Operating Area of Fig.5 and 6 are specified ratings (for these devices under the test conditions shown.)



1.6

VBE(OFF)=9V

0.8

1.2

0.8

1.2

0.8

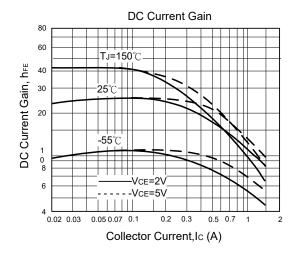
1.5V

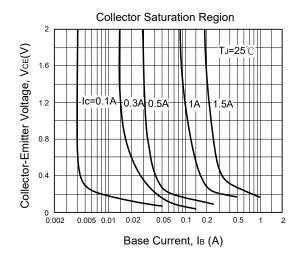
0 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800

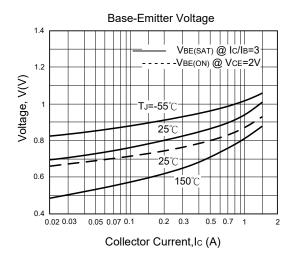
Collector-Emitter Clamp Voltage,VCE (V)

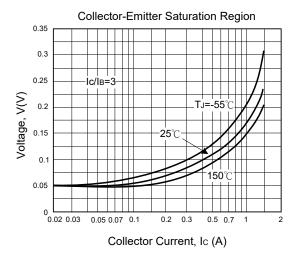
Fig.6 Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

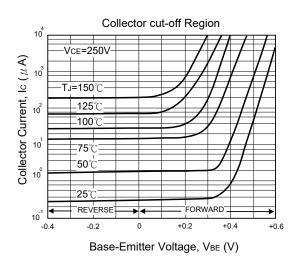
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

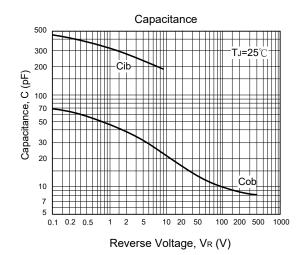




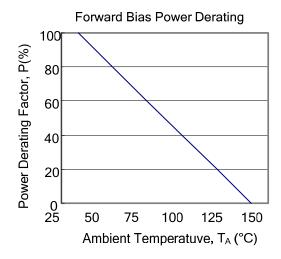








■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)



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