

UTC UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

UB2421

Preliminary

ONE CELL LITHIUM-ION / POLYMER BATTERY **PROTECTION IC**

DESCRIPTION

UTC UB2421 is a lithium-ion / lithium-polymer rechargeable battery protection IC incorporating high accuracy voltage detection circuits and delay circuits.

It is suitable for protection of single cell lithium-ion / lithium polymer battery packs from overcharge, over discharge and over current.

The tiny package required external few components make the UTC UB2421 be able to be applied to space limited battery pack.

FEATURES

- * Wide supply voltage range:
- * Ultra-low quiescent Current: I_{DD}=3.0µA (V_{DD}=3.9V)

V_{DD}=1.8V~9.0V

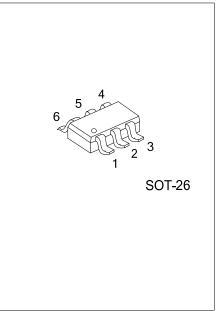
- * Ultra-low power-down Current: IPD=0.1µA (VDD=2.0V)
- * Overcharge detection voltage: V_{OCU}=4.30V±0.05V
- * Overcharge release voltage: V_{OCR}=4.10V±0.05V
- * Overdischarge release voltage: V_{ODL}=2.40V±0.10V
- * Overdischarge release voltage: V_{ODR}=3.00V±0.10V
- * Over current detection voltage: Vol1=0.15V±0.03V
- * Short circuit detection voltage: V_{OI2}=1.35V (Fixed)
- V_{CH}=-0.7V * Charger detection voltage:
- * Delay times are generated by an internal circuit. (External capacitors are unnecessary.)

ORDERING INFORMATION

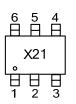
Ordering Number		Daakaga	Packing			
Lead Free	Halogen Free	Package	Packing			
UB2421L-AG6-R	UB2421L-AG6-R UB2421G-AG6-R		Tape Reel			
UB2421L-AG6-R	UB2421G-AG6-R	SOT-26	Tape Reel			
Noto: V: Output Voltage, refer SERIAL CODE LIST						

Note: X: Output Voltage, refer SERIAL CODE LIST.

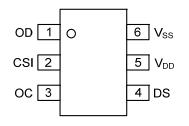
UB2421 <u>G-AG6-</u> R	
(1) Packing Type	(1) R: Tape Reel
(2) Package Type	(2) AG6: SOT-26
(3) Green Package	(3) G : Halogen Free and Lead Free, L: Lead Free



MARKING



■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

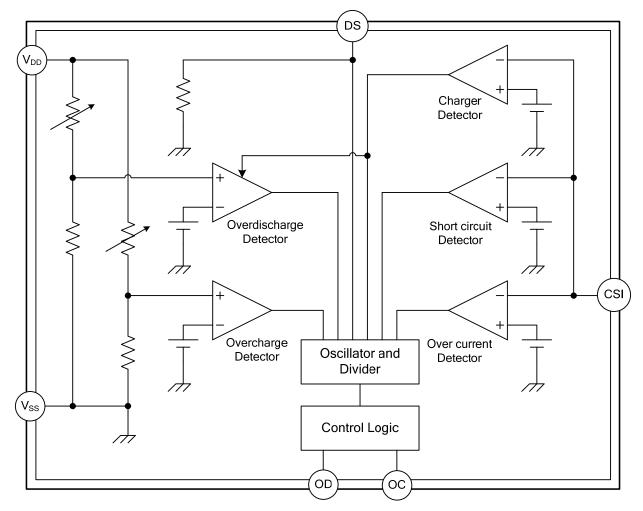
PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	OD	MOSFET gate connection pin for discharge control
2	CSI	Input pin for current sense, charger detection
3	OC	MOSFET gate connection pin for charge control
4	DS	Test pin for reduce delay time
5	V _{DD}	Positive power input pin
6	V _{SS}	Negative power input pin

SERIAL CODE LIST

Model	Package	Overcharge Detection Voltage [V _{ocu}](V)	Overcharge Release Voltage [V _{OCR}](V)	Overdischarge Detection Voltage [V _{ODL}](V)	Overdischarge Release Voltage [V _{ODR}](V)	Over Current Detection Voltage [V _{OI1}](V)
UB2421	SOT-26	4.300±0.050	4.100±0.05	2.40±0.100	3.00±0.100	0.15±0.03



BLOCK DIAGRAM





■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (V_{SS}=0V, Ta_a=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	
Input Voltage Between V_{DD} And V_{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{SS} -0.3~V _{SS} +12	V	
OC Output Pin Voltage	V _{oc}	V _{DD} -15~V _{DD} +0.3	V	
OD Output Pin Voltage	V _{OD}	V _{SS} -0.3~V _{DD} +0.3	V	
CSI Input Pin Voltage	V _{CSI}	V _{DD} -15~V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-40~+85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40~+125	°C	

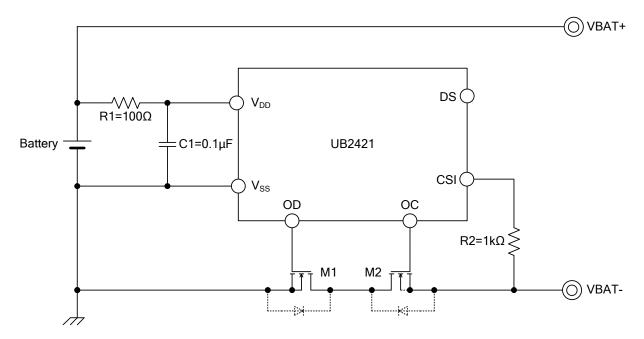
Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
CURRENT CONSUMPTION								
Supply Current		I _{DD}	V _{DD} =3.9V		3.0	6.0	μA	
Power-Down Current		I _{PD}	V _{DD} =2.0V			0.1	μA	
OPERATING VOLTAGE								
Operating Input Voltage		V_{DS}	V _{DD} -V _{SS}	1.8		9.0	V	
DETECTION VOLTAGE								
	Detection	V _{OCU}		4.25	4.30	4.35	V	
Overcharge Voltage	Release	V _{OCR}		4.05	4.10	4.15	V	
Overdischarge Voltage	Detection	VODL		2.30	2.40	2.50	V	
	Release	V _{ODR}		2.90	3.00	3.10	V	
Over Current Detection Vo	oltage	V _{OI1}		0.12	0.15	0.18	V	
Short Circuit Detection Vo	ltage	V _{OI2}	V _{DD} =3.0V	1.0	1.35	1.75	V	
Charger Detection Voltage	;	V _{CH}		-1.2	-0.7	-0.2	V	
DELAY TIME								
Overshares Detection Del	au Time a	Toc	V _{DD} =3.6V to 4.5V, DS=Floating		80	200	ms	
Overcharge Detection Del	ay rime		V_{DD} =3.6V to 4.5V, V_{DS} = V_{DD}		5	15	ms	
Quandia sharra Data stian [-	V _{DD} =3.6V to 2.0V, DS=Floating		40	100	ms	
Overdischarge Detection Delay Time.		T _{OD}	V_{DD} =3.6V to 2.0V, V_{DS} = V_{DD}		2.5	8.5	ms	
Over Current Detection Delay Time		T _{OI1}	V _{DD} =3.6V		10	20	ms	
Short Circuit Detection Delay Time		T _{OI2}	V _{DD} =3.6V		10	50	μs	
OTHER ITEMS								
OC Pin Output Voltage	High	V _{OH1}		V _{DD} -0.1	V _{DD} -0.02		V	
	Low	V _{OL1}			0.1	0.5	V	
OD Pin Output Voltage	High	V_{OH2}		V _{DD} -0.1	V _{DD} -0.02		V	
	Low	V _{OL2}			0.1	0.5	V	



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT





DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION

1. Normal Condition

The **UB2421** monitors the voltage of the battery connected between V_{DD} and V_{SS}. The charge and discharge scheme will be sensed by the voltage difference between V_{CSI} and V_{SS}.

When $V_{ODL} < V_{DD} < V_{OCU}$ and $V_{CH} < V_{CSI} < V_{O11}$, **UB2421** will turn on the charging (M2) and discharging (M1) control MOSFETs. The charging and discharging processes can be operated normally.

2. Overcharge Condition

When the battery voltage becomes higher than the overcharge detection voltage (V_{OCU}) during normal charging condition through a delay time longer than TOC (the overcharge detection delay time), **UB2421** will turn M2 off to stop charging.

3. Release of Overcharge Condition

(1) When the battery is self discharging, and if $V_{DD} < V_{OCR}$ and $V_{O11} > V_{CSI} > V_{CH}$ occurs, M2 will be turned on and back to normal condition.

(2) Remove the charger and connect **UB2421** to a load. The discharging current will flow through the parasitic diode of M2. At this moment, V_{CSI} increases a voltage (VF) of the parasitic diode from the V_{SS} level momentarily. While $V_{CSI} > V_{OI1}$ and $V_{DD} < V_{OCU}$ occur, M2 will be turns on and back to normal condition.

4. Over discharge Condition

When the battery voltage falls below the overdischarge detection voltage (V_{ODL}) during discharging condition and through a delay time longer than TOD (the overdischarge detection delay time), **UB2421** will turn M1 off to stop discharging. In the meanwhile, CSI will be pulled up to V_{DD} through an internal resistance.

If V_{CSI} > V_{OI2} , **UB2421** will enter into power-down mode. While in this mode, the current consumption is lower than 0.1µA.

5. Release of Power-down mode

After entering power-down mode, when the system is connected to a charger, the charging current will flow through the parasitic diode of M1. If $V_{CSI} < V_{OI2}$ occurs, then **UB2421** will release power-down mode. While keeping charging status, there are two ways back to normal condition:

(1) If $V_{CSI} < V_{CH}$ (Charger detection), then when $V_{DD} > V_{ODL}$, M1 will be turned on and system will back to normal condition.

(2) If $V_{CH} < V_{CSI} < V_{OI2}$, the condition $V_{DD} > V_{ODR}$, must be satisfied for M1 to be turned on, and then the system will back to the normal condition.

6. Charger Detection

While connecting to a charger after entering into power-down mode, then if $V_{DD} < V_{CH}$, M1 will be turned on when $V_{DD} > V_{ODL}$. The system will back to normal condition since the charger has been detected.

7. Abnormal Charge Current Condition

When a charger is connected to the battery system in normal condition, then if $V_{DD} < V_{OCU}$ and $V_{CSI} < V_{CH}$ occur through a delay time than TOC (delay time of overcharge detection), M2 will be turned off to stop this charging status, which is abnormal charge current condition.

Abnormal charge current condition is released when the voltage of CSI pin becomes higher than charger detection voltage (V_{CH}), or the charger is removed.

8. Over Current (or Short Circuit) Condition

When the current is too large during discharging under normal condition as a result of the voltage detected by CSI is greater than V_{OI1} (or V_{OI2}) through a delay time T_{OI1} (or T_{OI2}), it satisfies the over current (or short circuit) condition. Then M1 will be turned off and CSI will be pulled down to V_{SS} through an internal resistance. It is called the over current (or short circuit) condition.

(1) If the over current (or short circuit) is detected and it keeps longer than the overdischarge detection delay time with the same circumstance, the condition will be changed to the power-down mode when the battery voltage falls below the overdischarge detection voltage.

(2) If the battery voltage falls below the overdischarge detection voltage (V_{ODL}) due to the over current (or short circuit), the discharging control M1 will be turned off when this condition occurs. After overdischarge detection delay time (T_{OD}) expired, if the battery voltage is still equal to or lower than the overdischarge detection voltage, the condition will be changed to power-down mode.



DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION(Cont.)

9. Release of Over Current (or Short Circuit) Condition

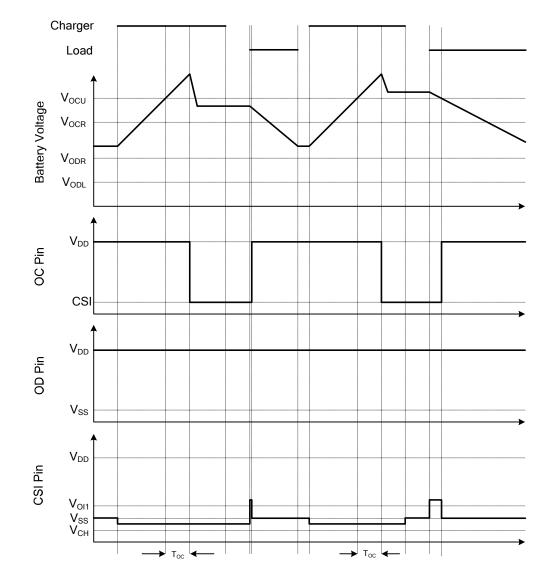
While the protection IC remains in the Over current (or Short circuit) condition, then if the load is removed or the impedance between V_{BAT+} and V_{BAT-} is larger than 500k Ω as well as $V_{CSI} < V_{OI1}$, M1 will be turned on and the back to normal condition.

10. DS Pin

By forcing DS to V_{DD} , the delay time of the overcharge and overdischarge can be reduced to within 50ms; therefore, testing time of protector circuit board can be reduced. 1.6M Ω pull down resistor is connected between DS pin and V_{SS} internally. DS pin should be open or connected to V_{SS} in the actual application.



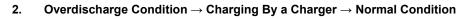
TIMING DIAGRAM

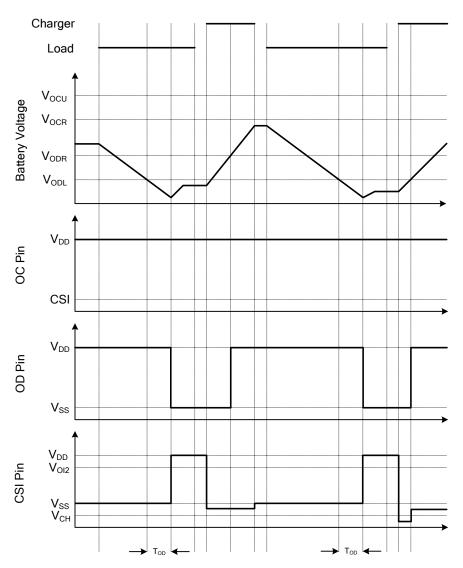


1. Overcharge Condition \rightarrow Load Discharge \rightarrow Normal Condition



■ TIMING DIAGRAM(Cont.)

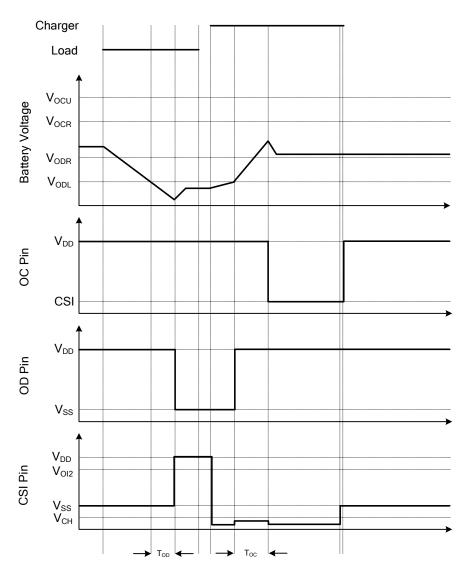






■ TIMING DIAGRAM(Cont.)

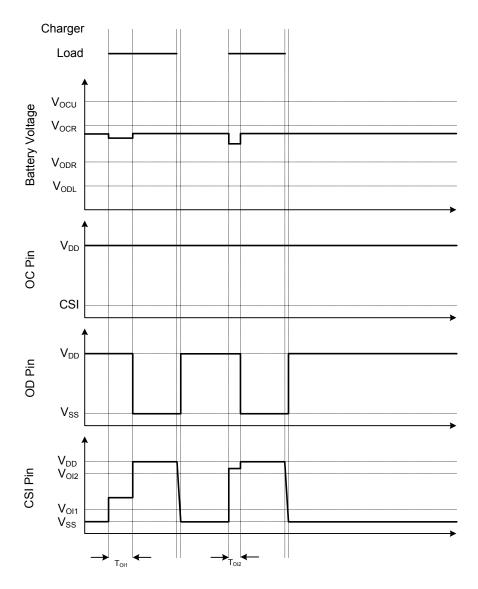
3. Overdischarge Condition \rightarrow Abnormal Charger Current Condition \rightarrow Normal Condition





■ TIMING DIAGRAM(Cont.)





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